Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(i)	D		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(ii)	ampere(s), amp(s), A		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)(i)	A description linking magnet (1) (in/near) coil (1)		
	(magnet/coil) spins/moves/turns (1)	IGNORE handle turns	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)(ii)	Any one from the following:		(1)
	Increase strength of magnet (1)	add another magnet / move magnets closer	
	Increase number of coils/turns of wire (1)		
	Increase speed of rotation (1)	turn handle/magnet/coil faster	
		IGNORE bigger magnet/coil/ generator / longer wire	

Question			Indicative Content	Mark
Numb	er			
QWC	*)	A comparison including some of the following points Non- renewable sources	(6)
			 Fossil fuel power stations are cheaper to build than wind farms for the same power output Coal, oil, gas and nuclear fuel will run out, wind, waves and sun will always be available Fossil fuel power stations produce CO₂ which may increase global warming, renewable energy generators (wind farms) do not Renewable energy generators have a free/cheaper source of fuel fossil fuels have to be taken out of the ground Nuclear power stations produce radioactive waste, which is dangerous, none of the other energy generators do this. Wind, waves and sun are unreliable sources of energy but fossil and nuclear fuels are always available 	

Leve I	0
1	1 - 2
2	3 - 4
3	5 -6

No rewardable content

- a limited statement about either renewable or non-renewable e.g.
 Coal is non-renewable OR renewable energy will not run out OR oil will run out
- the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology.
- spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy.
- a simple comparison including 2 statements covering renewable and non-renewable e.g. Coal is non-renewable and solar power is renewable OR renewable energy sources will not run out and nonrenewable sources do not pollute the atmosphere OR oil will run out, solar will not
- the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately.
- spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy.
- a detailed comparison including at least 3 statements with a direct comparison between a renewable and a non-renewable source, at least one named e.g. Renewables will not run out but non-renewables like coal will. OR Coal is non-renewable. When it is burnt carbon dioxide is produced. Wind farms do not produce any carbon dioxide. OR Carbon dioxide is produced when coal is used. Wind farms do not produce any carbon dioxide. Wind farms are noisy. OR Oil will run out, solar will not. Oil causes air pollution
- the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately.
- spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors.

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)(i)	proton(s) (1)	NOT photon	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)(ii)	electron(s)		(1)
the company policy	(1)		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(i)	evidence of halving activity eg line on graph at 80 (Bq) or two lines at, say, 100 and 50. (1)	accept halving in answer space e.g. $160 \rightarrow 80$ or $80 \rightarrow 40$ or $160 \div 2 = 80$	
		NOT 160 \div 40 or 131 \div {2 or 4} or 40 \div 2 (unless clearly an activity)	
	8 (days) gains both marks (2)		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(ii)	idea of two half-lives (1)	halving of 800 twice, e.g. 400 AND 200 seen	
	but, 16 (days) gains both marks (2)	Allow ECF from graph eg allow half-life from graph x 2 for both marks	(2)

Question		Indicative Content	Mark
Number			
QWC	*2()	A discussion including some of the following points	
		Advantages	
		 (currently) large resources of fuel/ fuel (reserves) will last 	
		a long time	
		- (Produces) large amount of (electrical) energy/electricity	
		- Does not produce (much/any) carbon dioxide	
		- Does not produce (much/any) sulphur dioxide	
		- Does not add to global warming/climate change	
		- Good safety record (under normal operating conditions)	
		 Only small amount of fuel needed to produce large amount of energy/electricity 	
		Reliable supply/provides continuous supply of electricity	
		(for a long time)	
		Reduces dependence on foreign supplies of energy	
		- Conserves fossil fuel supplies	
		- (Spent) fuel can be processed (to produce fuel for other	
		reactors)	
		- Provides employment/jobs	
		Disadvantages	
		 Produces nuclear/radioactive {waste/materials} 	
		 nuclear/radioactive waste/materials can cause 	
		mutations in	
		DNA/cells/people/animals	
		- Non- renewable (energy source)	
		- Difficulties in transporting nuclear/radioactive	
		waste/material	
		- ifficulty in (safely) storing/disposing nuclear	
		waste/material	
		 Nuclear accidents (can) pollute large areas Nuclear accidents pollute for a long time 	
		- Accept named example of accidents eg Fukishima,	
		Chernobyl, 3-mile island	
		- Mining and processing fuel both produce large	
		amounts of carbon dioxide	
		- Expensive to build and/or decommission (nuclear	
		power stations)	
		- Reference to target for terrorist attacks	
		- Produces material which can be used to develop	
		nuclear weapons/by terrorists	
		 Negative public perception OWTTE 	
		ignore references such as unsightly, large area needed, noisy as	
		true for most large buildings. Ignore cost of generation or	
		restating stem ie generates electricity or supplies electricity to	(6)
		homes etc.	

Level		No rewardable content
1	1 - 2	
I	1 - 2	A limited discussion giving one fact A state of the
		e.g. they give people jobs (in that area)
		OR they can have accidents like in Japan (after the tsunami).
		the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses
		limited scientific terminology.
		 spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy
2	3 - 4	 A simple discussion that states one advantage and one
		disadvantage OR states more than one advantage OR states more
		than one disadvantage.
		e.g. they are a reliable energy source and do not produce any
		carbon dioxide.
		OR they do not cause any global warming as they do not produce
		sulphur dioxide.
		OR they produce radioactive waste and many people don't want
		them built.
		the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity
		and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately
		spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy
3	5 - 6	A detailed discussion of either advantages or disadvantages AND
		at least a mention of the other one.
		e.g. They produce large amounts of electricity and don't produce
		carbon dioxide but they produce radioactive materials (in the fuel
		rods).
		,
		OR They are a reliable source of energy but they can damage
		large areas if there is an accident and the fuel is non-renewable.
		the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a
		range of scientific terminology accurately
		spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors

(Total for Question 5 = 12 marks)

Questio	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
n			
Number			
3(a)(i)	An explanation linking	Accept reverse argument ie	
	 60 % of {total/electrical/input/output} energy (is used/transferred) (1) 	40 % of {total/electrical/input/output} energy (is/transferred)	
	 into/is kinetic/useful energy (1) 	into/lost as/thermal (heat)/waste energy	
	If no other marks scored accept: 60% (of the energy produced by the motor) is useful/40% is wasted for 1 mark		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(ii)	⋈ B energy		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(iii)	substitution 20 x 15 (1)	Power of 10 error maximum of 1 mark	
	evaluation 300 (J) (1)	eg 300 000 (J) gains 1 mark	
	If no other mark scored award 1 mark for correct transposition ie E= P x t	Give full marks for correct answer, no working	
	Ignore any unit given by candidate	,	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(iv)	substitution 18 ÷ 24 (x 100) (1) Power of 10 error maximum of 3 mark		
	evaluation 0.75 or 75% (1) Ignore any unit given by candidate	give full marks for correct answer, no working	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(h	tion of energy		(1)